锦鲤的种类

锦鲤分为80多种,在这里向大家介绍最具有代表性的18种。



A black Doitsugoi with white markings. Black pattern changes with the 在黑色的皮肤长有白色蜘蛛 起起的德国舞鱼, 样子随着



A red or yellow Kol with dark pinecone-like pattern on the scales. 红色或者黄色的皮肤上有黑



A Koi with a brilliant polden metallic luster.

全身程序曾负的有少彩的

Chagoi

白金

A Koi with brilliant white



or golden pattern on a

Doitsu Showa

Matsube base, meaning 拥取田色出版。仿佛甚れ做



or greenish Koi, often with prominent scale

計頂紅白

基本色是棕色或覆盖绿色的 网络模样的鱼鳞的鲱鱼。 Tancho Kohaku





Ginrin Kohaku 银鳞红白

肤色像给金一样发光的品种。

metallic luster.



diamond. 拥有允泽的鱼舖的红白。

A Shows without scales derived from crossing Shows and Doitsugol. **阿拉勒德国领金专家的品种**。





4.据有图测17.6.控制的键像

Nishikigoi-no-sato in Ojiya 小千谷市绸缎鲤鱼故乡的介绍

The facility contains a data room, a building for displaying Nishikigoi and a Japanese garden on site. Visitors can enjoy various kinds of Nishikigoi throughout the year. The Japanese garden is usually closed between December and April due to heavy snow.

[小千谷市细缎鲤鱼故乡] 由资料展示室, 观赏栋, 日本底院 构成。这里拥有无论何时都可以现赏铜嶷鲤鱼的观光设施。 时日本庭院从12月到4月因为下雪关闭

Here you can find the explanation of the origin of Nishikigoi, details about the process of improvement from Wagoi to Nishikigoi, information on identifying the numerous type of Nishikigoi and describing their breeding skills is provided in both-Japanese and English A video on cultivation and on koi shows can

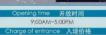


初产生,到现在的变迁,以及品种 5世贸易的魅力、信義有法等革文 说明。何时随时可以通过录相或品

ome splendid Nishlkigol born, which were grown in Ojiya are wimming gracefully in the ponds.



随各季节盛开的花朵构成美上加美 的风景



Charge	or eniliar	CC AMBIN	
Classification	分类	Personal 个人	Group 团体
Under 15 years old	15岁以下	₩ 310	¥260
Adult	成人	¥ 520	¥410
Under 6 years old	6岁以下	Free	
0	01		

Dec. 29 - Dec. 31

Jan. 1 - Jan. 3

THE VARIETY OF NISHIKIGOI

It is said that there are more than 80 varieties of Nishikigoi. Here are 18 representative varieties Taisho Sanshoku



Ojiya, Niigata

Nishikigoi no Sato

Jonai 1-8-22, Ojiya City, Niigata 947-0028 TEL 0258-83-2233

URL http://www.ojiyasunplaza.jp/nishikigoi

小千谷市

A Koi with a red pattern Red and black markings on a white background originating from the Asagi. The most popular Koi. E自负的队员上有红色的连续 500的品种,基由设置而变化 **六铁铜、水是最基本的铁铜。**



on a white background and no black markings on the face. 白色的肌肤上有红色的软样。 和黑色的斑点。在头部没有



black background. Normally has Sumi on the face and at the base of the pectoral fins. 黑色肌肤上有紅白模样的装 体, 从积和物物市综有原外



Kol with white patches, Hi Utsuri (black and red), Ki Utsuri (black and yellow). 黑色的别数上有白色, 红色。 黄色模样的白河、胡河、黄



Shiro Bekko is a white Kol with black snots. Aka Bekko (red and black), Ki Bekko (yellow and black). 内色、红色、紫色皮肤上在黑 色的斑点,形成白色别甲,红 会別甲, 黄色別平



A indigo-blue Koi with a red belly and pectoral fins, and a light blue reticulation pattern. 青色的皮肤上键嵌有天蓝色 鱼鳞, 康维和斯维上有红色 鱼鳞的美丽的品种,

Goshiki

五色



The Doltsugoi (no scales) version of Asagi, with normally a row of large, dark scales on the back and sides. 德国鲱鱼《没有鱼鳞或只有 背上及两侧有鱼鳞的鲱鱼



A red pattern on a white background with an ndigg-blue reticulation in the red. 白色的發展上有红色模样。 在紅色紋材上有蓝色的細色。







History of Nishikigoi

It is said that Nishikigoi first appeared in the early 19th century. People of Echigo (present Niigata Prefecture) who lived in the mountainous district were keeping carp for food and discovered colored carp that were born because of mutation. Their repeated improvement on carp brought about the birth of the beautiful Nishikigoi.

锦鲤的历史

锦鲤的第一次出现是在19世纪初初文化, 文证时期。当时新泻县的山涧部用于使 用而饲养的鲤鱼发生变异产生了有颜改 的鲤鱼颜色就这样继续繁殖演变和改良 产生了现在看到的,拥有美丽花纹的锦鲤。



Admiration of Nishikigoi

The beautiful figure, colors and markings are the three major factors in admiration. When fleshy koi with its magnificent figure and markings swims calmly, viewers can enjoy both its static and dynamic beauties.

锦鲤的鉴赏

锦鲤的鉴赏基本分为体形,色彩和斑纹(斑型花纹)三个部分。柔软的畅游的锦鲤的丰满的体形和动作美,加上背上美丽的画面,每一只都是一幅具有艺术性的图画。



The Koi and garden ponds of this side

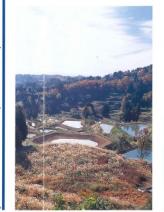
※这一页的颜色和底能池塘是在各地量好多

Nishikigoi and Ojiya City

The city of Ojiya, rich in culture and nature, is located in Niigata. It is well known for their traditional industrial product, "Ojiya chijimi". The inquisitive spirit of the people of Ojiya was not confined to skills in textile and extended to the improvement of Japanese carp. The quality of Ojiya-bred Nishikigoi is highly valued not only in the country but thoughout the world. In Ojiya, genuine Nishikigoi grown with our traditional breeding skills and using the best quality water are waiting for you to see.

锦鲤和小千谷

新泻县小千谷是由于传统工艺品(小千 各缩)等而传有声名的有着美丽的山涧 和深厚文化底蕴的县城。在新泻县小千 谷人手中研究和改良而产生了美丽的观 贯鱼。不管是在日本国内还是在海外,小 千谷的锦鲤都受到了很高的评价。在锦 鲤的故乡小千谷,雪国天然的纯净水质 加上传统的技术才可以看到美丽的锦鲤





Charms of Nishikigoi

Nishikigoi are omnivorous and can easily adjust themselves to their surroundings. Because of their long longevity, many people keep koi as a companion for life. This living jewelry, called Kokugyo (national fish), has a large variety traits and colors. Their swimming manner overflows with a dynamic beauty.

锦鲤的魅力

锦鲤是杂食动物,什么都可以喂养。 易于适应多种环境,可以在多样的场 所进行喂养。所以,任何人都可以各 易的喂养,更由于这种鲤鱼生命很长, 可以作为一生的伴侣,陪伴左右。日 本人把这种鲤鱼叫做国鱼,色彩丰富 多样,形态优美,几乎找不到同一模 样的两条鱼。

How to Keep Nishikigoi

Nishikigoi can be kept either in a pond or an aquarium. A land area of between 15 and 35m' is most suitable, with about 3.3m' as the minimum amount.

锦鲤的喂养

篩鲤在3. 3m² 左右的场所中即可进行喂养。但是,在大约15~35㎡的场所喂养会产生最好的规觉效果。同时,在庭院中搭配上莲花及玻璃水槽会在更偏于饲养的同时,为您的生活增添更多的情趣。